APPENDIX 2

Town of Markham • Year 2003 Report

Local Government

1b. OPERATING COSTS

Governance and political support, and corporate management support

Operating costs for governance and <u>Corporate Management</u> x100 Total Municipal Operating Costs

8.50% of total municipal operating costs

Efficiency Measure

Governance and corporate management as a percentage of total municipal operating costs.

Objective

Efficient municipal management.

This measure is reported if a municipality uses the general government categories developed by the Ontario Municipal CAO's Benchmarking Initiative (OMBI) and approved by the province: governance and political support, corporate management and support, program support.

If the OMBI FIR categories were used, general government is defined as governance and political support, and corporate management and support. This is shortened to the phrase "governance and corporate management".

Fire Services

2. OPERATING COSTS

Operating costs for Fire Services (Total assessment / 1,000)

\$0.75 per \$1,000 of assessment

Efficiency Measure

Operating costs for fire services per \$1,000 of assessment.

Objective

Efficient municipal fire services.

Road Services

5. OPERATING COSTS FOR PAVED ROADS	6. OPERATING COSTS FOR UNPAVED ROADS
Operating costs for paved roads Total paved lane kilometres	Operating costs for unpaved roads Total unpaved lane kilometres
\$612.20 per paved lane kilometre	\$6,833.28 per unpaved lane kilometre
Efficiency Measure Operating costs for paved (hard top) roads per lane kilometre.	Efficiency Measure Operating costs for unpaved (loose top) roads per lane kilometre.
Objective Efficient maintenance of paved roads.	Objective Efficient maintenance of unpaved roads.

7. OPERATING COSTS FOR WINTER CONTROL	8. CONDITION OF ROADS
Operating costs for winter control maintenance of roadways Total lane kilometres maintained in winter	Number of paved lane kilometres rated as good to very good x100 Total number of paved lane kilometres tested
\$2,776.69 per lane kilometre	87.3% of lane kilometres
Efficiency Measure Operating costs for winter control maintenance of roadways per lane kilometre.	Effectiveness Measure Percentage of paved lane kilometres where condition is rated as good to very good.
Objective Efficient winter control operation.	Objective Provide a paved lane system that has a pavement condition that meets municipal standards.

9. WINTER EVENT RESPONSES

Number of winter event responses

that met or exceeded municipal road maintenance standards x100

Total number of winter events

100.00% of winter event responses

Effectiveness

Percentage of winter event responses that met or exceeded municipal road maintenance standards.

Objective

Provide appropriate winter response.

Wastewater

12a. OPERATING COSTS FOR COLLECTION	12b. OPERATING COSTS FOR TREATMENT AND DISPOSAL
Operating costs for collection of wastewater Total KM of Wastewater Mains plus (0.10 KM times Number of Connections)	Operating costs for treatment and disposal of wastewater Total megalitres of wastewater treated
\$1,947.44 per kilometre of main	\$398.10 per megalitre
Efficiency Measure Operating costs for the collection of wastewater per kilometre of wastewater main.	Efficiency Measure Operating costs for the treatment and disposal of wastewater per megalitre.
	A megalitre equals 1,000,000 litres or 1,000 cubic metres.
Objective	
Efficient wastewater collection services.	Objective Efficient water treatment and disposal services.

This measure is reported only if the municipality is responsible for wastewater collection and wastewater treatment and disposal.

Municipalities with integrated systems may also report the individual measures for collection, treatment and disposal of wastewater.

Town of Markham • Year 2003 Report **Wastewater**

12c. OPERATING COSTS FOR	13. MAIN BACKUPS
COLLECTION TREATMENT AND DISPOSAL	
Operating costs for wastewater collection, treatment and disposal Total megalitres of wastewater treated	Total number of backed up wastewater connections Total kilometres of wastewater mains /100
\$473.15 per megalitre	1.187 per 100 kilometres of main
Efficiency Measure	Effectiveness Measure
Operating costs for collection, treatment, and	Number of wastewater main backups per 100
disposal of wastewater per megalitre.	kilometres of wastewater main in a year.
A megalitre equals 1,000,000 litres or 1,000 cubic metres.	Objective Prevention of human and environmental health
Objective	hazards.
Efficient wastewater services.	

This measure is reported only if the municipality is responsible for wastewater collection and wastewater treatment and disposal.

Municipalities with integrated systems may also report the individual measures for collection, treatment and disposal of wastewater.

14. TREATMENT BYPASS

Estimated megalitres of untreated wastewater _____ x100 Total megalitres of wastewater, including treated and untreated

N/A

Effectiveness Measures

Percentage of wastewater estimated to have by-passed treatment.

A megalitre equals 1,000,000 litres or 1,000 cubic metres.

Objective

Effective wastewater and treatment and disposal services.

Water Services

the measure.

15a. OPERATING COSTS FOR TREATMENT	15b. OPERATING COSTS FOR DISTRIBUTION	15c. OPERATING COSTS FOR TREATMENT AND DISTRIBUTION
Operating costs for treatment of drinking water Total megalitres of drinking water treated	Operating costs for distribution of drinkgin water Total KM of water distribution pipe plus (0.10 KM times No. of Connections) plus (0.005KM times No. of Hydrants)	Operating costs for treatment and distribution of drinking water Total megalitres treated
\$434.30 per megalitre	\$4,030.99 per kilometre of distribution pipe	\$613.70 per megalitre
Efficiency Measure Operating costs for the treatment of water per megalitre. A megalitre equals 1,000,000 litres, or 1,000 cubic metres. Objective Efficient production of potable water.	Efficiency Measure Operating costs for the distribution of water per kilometre of water distribution pipe. Objective Efficient distribution of water.	Efficiency Measure Operating costs for the treatment and distribution of water per megalitre (Integrated System). A megalitre equals 1,000,000 litres, or 1,000 cubic metres. Objective Efficient production and distribution of
This measure is reported if the municipality is responsible for the treatment of water. This measure is optional for	This measure is reported if the municipality is responsible for the distribution of water.	This measure is reported only if the municipality is responsible for both the treatment and distribution of water.
municipalities with integrated water systems since the FIR does not record the measure.	This measure is optional for municipalities with integrated water systems since the FIR does not record the measure	Municipalities with integrated systems may also report the individual measures for treatment of water, and distribution of water.

distribution of water.

16. BREAKS IN WATER MAINS	17. BOIL WATER ADVISORIES
Number of water main breaks in a year Total kilometres of water distribution pipe / 100	Summation of: number of boil water advisory days times the number of affected connections Total connections in service area
4.62 breaks per 100 kilometres of main	0 days a year
Effectiveness Measure Number of breaks in water mains per 100 kilometres of water main pipe in a year.	Effectiveness Measure Weighted number of days when a boil water advisory issued by the Medical Officer of Health, applicable to a municipal water supply, was in effect.
Objective Improve system reliability and minimize water loss and operational costs.	Objective Water is safe and meets local needs.

the measure.

Solid Waste

18a. OPERATING COSTS FOR COLLECTION	18b. OPERATING COSTS FOR DISPOSAL
Operating costs for garbage collection Total tonnes collected from all property classes	Operating costs for garbage disposal Total tonnes disposed from all property classes
\$57.03 per tonne	\$2.84 per tonne
Efficiency Measure Operating costs for garbage collection per tonne or per household. Objective Efficient collection services without adverse affect on environment.	Efficiency Measure Operating costs for garbage disposal per tonne or per household. Objective Efficient disposal of solid waste.

This measure is reported by municipalities which are responsible for garbage collection.

This measure is optional for municipalities with integrated solid waste management systems.

A municipality is required to report result in total tonnes. If tonnage figure is unavailable, the household numbers may be used.

This measure is reported by municipalities which are responsible for solid waste disposal.

This measure is optional for municipalities with integrated solid waste management systems.

A municipality is required to report result in total tonnes. If tonnage figure is unavailable, the household numbers may be used.

Solid Waste

19. OPERATING COSTS FOR DIVERSION	19A. OPERATING COSTS – NET OF REVENUES FOR DIVERSION
Operating costs for solid waste diversion Total tonnes diverted from all property classes	Operating costs for solid waste diversion Total tonnes diverted from all property classes
\$142.80 per tonne	N/A
Efficiency Measure Operating costs for solid waste diversion (recycling) per tonne or per household.	Efficiency Measure Operating costs for solid waste diversion (recycling) per tonne or per household.
Objective	Objective
Waste programs divert garbage from landfills and incinerators.	Waste programs divert garbage from landfills and incinerators.

This measure is reported by municipalities which are This measure is reported by municipalities which are responsible for solid waste diversion.

responsible for solid waste diversion.

This measure is optional for municipalities with integrated solid waste management systems.

This measure is optional for municipalities with integrated solid waste management systems.

A municipality is required to report result in total tonnes. If tonnage figure is unavailable, the household numbers may be used.

A municipality is required to report result in total tonnes. If tonnage figure is unavailable, the household numbers may be used.

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20. OPERATING COSTS FOR INTEGRATED SYSTEM

Operating costs for solid waste management
Total tonnes disposed of and total tonnes diverted from all
property classes

\$88.95 per tonne

Efficiency Measure

Average operating costs for solid waste management (collection, disposal and diversion) per tonne or per household.

Objective

Efficient solid waste management programs.

This measure is reported only by those municipalities with integrated solid waste management systems. These municipalities are responsible for garbage collection, garbage disposal, <u>and</u> solid waste diversion (recycling).

Municipalities with integrated systems may, if desired, report the individual measures for garbage collection, garbage disposal, and solid waste diversion (recycling).

A municipality is required to report result in total tonnes. If tonnage figure is unavailable, the household numbers may be used.

Solid Waste

21a. FACILITY COMPLIANCE	21b. NUMBER OF SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT SITES	22. COMPLAINTS FOR SOLID WASTE AND RECYCLING COLLECTION
Total number of days per year MOE compliance order was in effect	Total number of waste management facilities	Number of Complaints received in a year concerning the collection of garbage and recycled materials Total Households / 1,000
0 days	4 sites	58.311 complaints per 1,000 households
Effectiveness Measure Number of days per year when a Ministry of Environment compliance order for remediation concerning an air or groundwater standard was in effect for a solid waste management facility, by site. Objective Municipal solid waste services do not have an adverse affect on environment.	Effectiveness Measure Total number of solid waste management sites owned by municipality. Objective Effective management of solid waste.	Effectiveness Measure Number of complaints received in a year concerning the collection of solid waste and recycled materials per 1,000 households. Objective Effective waste management services.

23a. DIVERSION OF SOLID WASTE	
Total tonnes of residential waste diverted Total tonnes of residential solid waste disposed of and total tonnes diverted	
35.10% of solid waste	
Effectiveness Measure	
Percentage of residential solid waste diverted.	
Objective	
Municipal waste programs divert garbage from landfills and incinerators.	

This measure is reported if the municipality records tonnage for residential solid waste separately from ICI tonnage.

Land Use Planning

24. GROWTH AND SETTLEMENT PATTERN

Number of new lots, blocks and / or units with final approval which are located within settlement areas x100
Total number of new lots, blocks and / or units with final approval within the entire municipality

100.00% of new development

Effectiveness Measure

Percentage of new development with final approval which is located within settlement areas.

Objective

New lot creation is occurring in settlement areas.

25a. PRESERVATION OF AGRICULTURAL LAND IN REPORTING YEAR	25b. CHANGE IN NUMBER OF DESIGNATED HECTARES IN REPORTING YEAR
Hectares of land designated for agricultural purposes <u>in the Official Plan as of December 31, 2003</u> Hectares of land designated for agricultural purposes in the Official Plan as of January 1, 2003	Number of hectares of land originally designated for agricultural purposes which was re-designated for other uses during the reporting year.
98.3% of agricultural land (reporting year)	118 hectares
Effectiveness Measure Percentage of land designated for agricultural purposes which was preserved during 2001. Objective Preserve agricultural land.	Effectiveness Measure Number of hectares of land originally designated for agricultural purposes which was re-designated for other uses during 2001. Objective Preserve agricultural land.

25c. AGRICULTURAL LAND RELATIVE TO BASE YEAR	25d. REDESIGNATED AGRICULTURAL LAND
Hectares of land designated for agricultural purposes <u>in the Official Plan as of December 31, 2003</u> Hectares of land designated for agricultural purposes in the Official Plan as of January 1, 2000	Number of hectares of land originally designated for agricultural purposes which was re-designated for other uses since January 1, 2000
98.3% of agricultural land (relative to base year)	118 hectares
Effectiveness Measure	Effectiveness Measure
Percentage of land designated for agricultural purposes which was preserved relative to base year of 2000.	Number of hectares of land originally designated for agricultural purposes which was re-designated for other uses since January 1, 2000.
Objective	Objective
Preserve agricultural land.	Preserve agricultural land.